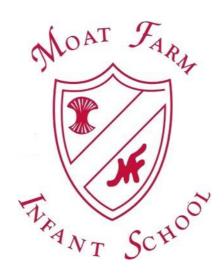
Relationships and sex education policy

Moat Farm Infant School



Approved by:	Governing Body
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1. Aims

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at our school are to:

- > Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- > Help pupils understand the importance of health and hygiene
- > Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- > Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- > Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies

2. Statutory requirements

As a maintained primary school, we must provide relationships education to all pupils under section 34 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017.

We are not required to provide sex education, but we do need to teach the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum.

In teaching RSE, we must have regard to $\underline{\text{guidance}}$ issued by the secretary of state, as outlined in section 403 of the $\underline{\text{Education Act 1996}}$.

We must also have regard to our legal duties set out in:

- Sections 406 and 407 of the Education Act 1996
- Part 6, chapter 1 of the Equality Act 2010
- The Public Sector Equality Duty (as set out in section 149 of the Equality Act 2010). This duty
 requires public bodies to have due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of
 opportunity and foster good relations between different people when carrying out their activities

At Moat Farm Infant School, we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- 1. Review a member of staff or working group pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
- 2. Staff consultation all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
- 3. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents and any interested parties were invited to attend a meeting about the policy
- 4. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

4. Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

5. Curriculum

Our RSE curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1, but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, pupils and staff, and taking into account the age, developmental stage, needs and feelings of our pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so that pupils are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

Teaching children about private body parts is a statutory requirement which is detailed under the Health Education section of the Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and (RSE) and Health Education statutory guidance (2019). This teaching is an important part of safeguarding children and helps them to stay safe, in addition to understanding what is appropriate and inappropriate behaviour. At Moat Farm Infant School, we use the key vocabulary penis and vulva when talking about male and female private parts. We only use terminology to identify external parts of the body which coincides with our science curriculum.

For more information about our curriculum, see our curriculum map in Appendix 1.

6. Delivery of RSE

RSE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum through our PSHE scheme 'Jigsaw'. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum, and other aspects are included in religious education (RE).

Relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

- > Families and people who care for me
- > Caring friendships
- > Respectful relationships
- Online relationships

> Being safe

For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life, taking care to make sure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents and foster parents/carers, amongst other structures), along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example, looked-after children or young carers).

We will also be mindful of the law and legal requirements, taking care not to condone or encourage illegal political activity, such as violent action against people, criminal damage to property, hate crime, terrorism or the illegal use of drugs.

6.1 Inclusivity

We will teach about these topics in a manner that:

- > Considers how a diverse range of pupils will relate to them
- > Is sensitive to all pupils' experiences
- > During lessons, makes pupils feel:
 - Safe and supported
 - Able to engage with the key messages

We will also:

- Make sure that pupils learn about these topics in an environment that's appropriate for them, for example in:
 - A whole-class setting
 - o Small groups or targeted sessions
 - o 1-to-1 discussions
 - Digital formats
- > Give careful consideration to the level of differentiation needed

6.2 Use of resources

We will consider whether any resources we plan to use:

- o Are aligned with the teaching requirements set out in the statutory RSE guidance
- o Would support pupils in applying their knowledge in different contexts and settings
- Are age-appropriate, given the age, developmental stage and background of our pupils
- Are evidence-based and contain robust facts and statistics
- o Fit into our curriculum plan
- Are from credible sources
- Are compatible with effective teaching approaches
- o Are sensitive to pupils' experiences and won't provoke distress

7. Use of external organisations and materials

We will make sure that an agency and any materials used are appropriate and in line with our legal duties around political impartiality.

The school remains responsible for what is said to pupils. This includes making sure that any speakers, tools and resources used don't undermine the fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs.

We will:

- > Make appropriate checks and engage with external agencies to make sure that their approach to teaching about RSE is balanced, and it and the resources they intend to use:
 - Are age-appropriate
 - o Are in line with pupils' developmental stage
 - o Comply with:
 - This policy
 - The Teachers' Standards
 - The Equality Act 2010
 - The <u>Human Rights Act 1998</u>
 - The Education Act 1996
- > Only work with external agencies where we have full confidence in the agency, its approach and the resources it uses
- Make sure that any speakers and resources meet the intended outcome of the relevant part of the curriculum
- > Review any case study materials and look for feedback from other people the agency has worked with
- > Be clear on:
 - What they're going to say
 - o Their position on the issues to be discussed
- > Ask to see in advance any materials that the agency may use
- > Know the named individuals who will be there, and follow our usual safeguarding procedures for these people
- Conduct a basic online search and address anything that may be of concern to us, or to parents and carers
- > Check the agency's protocol for taking pictures or using any personal data they might get from a session
- > Remind teachers that they can say "no" or, in extreme cases, stop a session
- > Make sure that the teacher is in the room during any sessions with external speakers

We won't, under any circumstances:

- > Work with external agencies that take or promote extreme political positions
- > Use materials produced by such agencies, even if the material itself is not extreme

8. Roles and responsibilities

8.1 The governing board

The governing board will approve the RSE policy, and hold the headteacher to account for its implementation.

8.2 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school.

8.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- > Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- > Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- > Monitoring progress
- > Responding to the needs of individual pupils

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the headteacher.

8.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

9. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents do not have the right to withdraw their children from relationships education.

10. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.

11. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by PSHE Lead through:

- Learning Walks
- Lesson observations
- Book scrutinies
- Talking to children
- Reviewing planning

Pupils' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by the PSHE lead annually. At every review, the policy will be approved by the governing board.

Appendix 1: Curriculum map

Relationships and sex education curriculum map (We use Jigsaw to deliver this)

Jigsaw PSHE is fully compliant with the DfE Statutory Relationships & Health Education Guidance. This document maps the guidance to Jigsaw PSHE 3-11 by Year Group and Puzzle (unit of work) showing the depth and breadth of the curriculum coverage. The numbers in the boxes refer to the lesson plan in that Puzzle (unit) that contributes most to the specific statutory outcomes



Relat	ionships Education			Year 1	- Ages 5-6					Year 2	- Ages 6-7		
	e end of Primary pupils d know:	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
	(R1) that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability					1	1					1	
d the people who care for me	(R2) the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives					1						1	
	(R3) that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care					1						1	
Families and th	(R4) that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up					1						1	
	(R5) that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong											1	
	(R6) how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed						6					1,4	



Relat	ionships Education			Year 1	- Ages 5-6					Year 2	- Ages 6-7		
_	e end of Primary pupils d know:	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
	(R7) how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends	2	5			2			6			3	
	(R8) the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties		5			2			6			6	
Caring friendships	(R9) that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded	3	5			2,5			5			3	
Caring fr	(R10) that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right		5			2,5			6			3	
	(R11) how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed		5			2,4,5			4			5	



Rela	tionships Education			Year 1	- Ages 5-6					Year 2	- Ages 6-7		
	e end of Primary pupils ld know:	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
	(R12) the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs	3,6	1,2,6	3		2,6		2-6	5,6	3		3,5	
	(R13) practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships		5			6		5,6	4,5	3,4		5	
	(R14) the conventions of courtesy and manners	2,3				3		2-6	4,5	3-6			
	(R15) the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness				6	5	5	3,4		2			5
	(R16) that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority	3,6	1,2	3		4,6		2-4	4-6	3-6		2-5	
	(R17) about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help		3,4						3				
	(R18) what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive								1,2				
	(R19) the importance of permission- seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults		5			3,4	4	2	4,5	4-6		2,4	5



Relat	ionships Education			Year 1	- Ages 5-6					Year 2	- Ages 6-7		
	e end of Primary pupils d know:	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
	(R20) that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not					Additional lesson on website			4			4	
onships	(R21) that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous				Additional lesson on website				3				
Online relati	(R22) the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them				Additional lesson on website				3			4	
	(R23) how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met				Additional lesson on website								
	(R24) how information and data is shared and used online												



Relat	ionships Education			Year 1	- Ages 5-6					Year 2	- Ages 6-7		
	e end of Primary pupils d know:	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
	(R25) what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)		5			3,5	4	2	4,5			2	5
	(R26) about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe					3	4					4	4,5
	(R27) that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact					3	4					2	4
	(R28) how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know					3,4						2	
	(R29) how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult		3,4				4					2	4,5
	(R30) how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard			5		5			4	2		2	5
	(R31) how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so		4						4			4,5	5
	(R32) where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources		4			4	6	2	4			2,4	5

	ical Health and			Year 1	- Ages 5-6					Year 2	- Ages 6-7		
	al Wellbeing e end of Primary pupils	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
	d know:	My World	Difference	and odats				My World	Difference	and odats			
	(H1) that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health				1,2						2		
	(H2) that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations	4	6	1	1	6	6	1	1,5,6	1,5	2	4-6	6
	(H3) how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings		6	6	2	5	6	1	1,5,6	1,5	2	4-6	6
	(H4) how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate	5		5			2		4	6			
Đ.	(H5) the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental wellbeing and happiness				1,2,6						1,2, 4-6		
Mental wellbeing	(H6) simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests				1-6	5,6					1-6		
Me	(H7) isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support	1	3,4						5				
	(H8) that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing		3,4						3				
	(H9) where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental wellbeing or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online)		4			4			4				
	(H10) it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough												

	ical Health and			Year 1	- Ages 5-6					Year 2	- Ages 6-7		
By th	al Wellbeing e end of Primary pupils ld know:	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
Siloui	(H11) that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits												
	(H12) about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing										2		
Internet safety and hams	(H13) how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private								3				
t safety	(H14) why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted												
Interne	(H15) that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health								3			3	
	(H16) how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted												
	(H17) where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online								4				

_	ical Health and			Year 1	- Ages 5-6			Year 2 - Ages 6-7					
By the	al Wellbeing e end of Primary pupils d know:	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
S	(H18) the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle				1-6						1-3, 5,6		
health and fitness	(H19) the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; for example, walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise				1,2						1,2		
ıysical	(H20) the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity)										1,6		
돝	(H21) how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health				5						3		

	ysical Health and			Year 1	- Ages 5-6			Year 2 - Ages 6-7						
Ву	ntal Wellbeing the end of Primary pupils ould know:	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	
	(H22) what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content)				2						4,5			
point	(H23) the principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals				2						4,5			
MacH	(H24) the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health)				1,2,6						1,4,5			

	Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing			Year 1	- Ages 5-6			Year 2 - Ages 6-7						
By the	By the end of Primary pupils should know:		Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	
Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	(H25) the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking				4						3			

Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing By the end of Primary pupils		Year 1 - Ages 5-6							Year 2 - Ages 6-7					
		Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	
should know:														
	(H26) how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body													
-	(H27) about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer				Additional lesson on website (suitable for KS1)						Additional lesson on website (suitable for KS1)			
1 prevention	(H28) the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn				1,2						2			
Health and	(H29) about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist				1,2						1			
	(H30) about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing				3,6									
	(H31) the facts and science relating to allergies, immunisation and vaccination													

Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing By the end of Primary pupils should know:		Year 1 - Ages 5-6							Year 2 - Ages 6-7					
		Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	
Basic first aid	(H32) how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary													
	(H33) concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries													

Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing By the end of Primary pupils should know:		Year 1 - Ages 5-6							Year 2 - Ages 6-7					
		Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me	
Changing adoles cent body	(H34) key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes						4						3,4	
	(H35) about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle													

How does Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE, lay the foundations in EYFS for statutory Relationships and Health Education (DfE, England 2019)?

Although the DfE guidance does not specifically have outcomes for the Early Years Foundation Stage, good practice within this age range lays a solid foundation for the learning which will follow in later years. The National EYFS Framework sets this out in detail.

Relationships Education

Relationships are a "Golden Thread" woven throughout the Jigsaw Programmes as well as the focus of specific learning in the Relationships Puzzle (unit).

Jigsaw is eager to start by building a positive relationship with self and looking outwards to building relationships with others. All of the session plans within Jigsaw include activities to enhance social skills. Many have this explicitly within the main session teaching and/or within the activities suggested for group work.

The DfE Guidance for Primary Schools states that children should learn about families and the characteristics of a healthy family life, and how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends. This important work begins in EYFS in Jigsaw, for example in the Celebrating Difference Puzzle (unit), Session 3, and throughout the Relationships Puzzle where Learning Intentions include topics such as how it feels to belong to my family, how to make friends and solve problems in friendships, understanding the impact of unkind words, and being a good friend. These pieces (sessions) on unkind words and feelings approach the concept of bullying in an age-appropriate way.

Celebrating Difference also begins the work on understanding that each person is unique and may be quite different, and teaches the children to respect this in others and within themselves, to see difference as a positive.

Stranger Danger is explicitly taught in Healthy Me (piece 6) to sow the seeds for the later learning on recognising who to trust and not to trust and what to do if they feel unsafe.

Health Education

Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing

The aspects of physical health cited in the guidance as outcomes for Primary School children and which we include in EYFS Jigsaw, such as healthy eating, sleep/rest, regular physical exercise and personal hygiene are approached throughout the Healthy Me Puzzle. They are revisited again in Relationships when we discuss respecting our bodies.

Mindfulness (the ability to observe your thoughts and feelings in the present moment without judgment) is another "Golden Thread" that begins in Early Years so that Key Stage 1 and 2 teaching can build on a solid foundation. Each session, children are invited to participate in Calm Me time. Using the Jigsaw Chime to centre their attention and help build concentration, the practitioner uses the Calm me script to help children relax their bodies and calm their minds. These scripts use very simple breathing and visualisation techniques. These skills are built throughout the EYFS and some lessons (e.g. Relationships Piece 5) show the children how this new skill can be utilised outside of the specific Calm Me time to help them manage their feelings in other situations. This enables children to understand that being aware of how they are feeling and having age-appropriate strategies to cope with those feelings can help them in life and begins the understanding that mental well-being is just as important as physical well-being.

The Learning Intentions from each Jigsaw F2 lesson (session) are included below in sequence from the beginning of the Jigsaw Programme to the end, 6 lessons for each half-term. Those directly related to Relationships and Health Education are highlighted; although it must be remembered that Jigsaw as a whole, is designed to support the EYFS PSE development (Personal, Social, Emotional) outcomes and much of this work underpins Relationships and Health Education.

Being Me in My World

- · I understand how it feels to belong and that we are similar and different
- I can start to recognise and manage my feelings

I enjoy working with others to make school a good place to be

- I understand why it is good to be kind and use gentle hands
- I am starting to understand children's rights and this means we should all be allowed to learn and play
- I am learning what being responsible means

Celebrating Difference

- I can identify something I am good at and understand everyone is good at different things
- · I understand that being different makes us all special
- I know we are all different but the same in some ways
- I can tell you why I think my home is special to me
- I can tell you how to be a kind friend
- I know which words to use to stand up for myself when someone says or does something unkind

Dreams and Goals

- I understand that if I persevere I can tackle challenges I can tell you about a time I didn't give up until I achieved my goal
- I can set a goal and work towards it
- I can use kind words to encourage people
- I understand the link between what I learn now and the job I might like to do when I'm older
- I can say how I feel when I achieve a goal and know what it means to feel proud

Healthy Me

- I understand that I need to exercise to keep my body healthy
- · I understand how moving and resting are good for my body
- I know which foods are healthy and not so healthy and can make healthy eating choices
- I know how to help myself go to sleep and understand why sleep is good for me
- I can wash my hands thoroughly and understand why this is important especially before I eat and after I go to the toilet

• I know what a stranger is and how to stay safe if a stranger approaches me

Relationships

- I can identify some of the jobs I do in my family and how I feel like I belong
- I know how to make friends to stop myself from feeling lonely
- · I can think of ways to solve problems and stay friends
- I am starting to understand the impact of unkind words
- I can use Calm Me time to manage my feelings
- · I know how to be a good friend

Changing Me

- I can name parts of the body
- I can tell you some things I can do and foods I can eat to be healthy
- I understand that we all grow from babies to adults
- I can express how I feel about moving to Year 1
- I can talk about my worries and/or the things I am looking forward to about being in Year 1
- I can share my memories of the best bits of this year in Reception

Appendix 2: By the end of primary school pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families and	That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability
people who care about me	• The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives
	• That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care
	• That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up
	That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong
	How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed
Caring	How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends
friendships	• The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties
	That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded
	• That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right
	How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Respectful relationships	• The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs
	Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships
	The conventions of courtesy and manners
	The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness
	• That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority
	About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help
	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive
	The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults
Online	That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not
relationships	• That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous
	The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them
	• How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met
	How information and data is shared and used online
Being safe	What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)
	• About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe
	• That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact
	How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know
	How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult
	How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard
	How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so
	Where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources

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